

- **Vendor: Microsoft**
- **Exam Code: 70-743**
- **Exam Name: Upgrading Your Skills to MCSA: Windows Server 2016**
- **New Questions (Mar/2019)**

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NEW QUESTION 287

You have a Hyper-V named Server1. The network adapters on Server1 have single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) enabled. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You need to identify whether SR-IOV is used by VM1.

Solution: On Server1, you open Hyper-V Manager and view the integration Services settings of VM1.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 288

You have a Hyper-V named Server1. The network adapters on Server1 have single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) enabled. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You need to identify whether SR-IOV is used by VM1.

Solution: You sign in to VM1. You view the properties of the network connections.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 289

You have a Hyper-V named Server1. The network adapters on Server1 have single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) enabled. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You need to identify whether SR-IOV is used by VM1.

Solution: You sign in to VM1. You open Device Manager and view the properties of the network adapters.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 290

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two domain controllers named DC1 and DC2. DC1 holds the RID master operations role. DC1 fails and cannot be repaired. You need to move the RID role to DC2.

Solution: On DC2, you open the command prompt, run dsmgmt.exe, connect to DC2, and use the Seize RID master option.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 291

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two domain controllers named DC1 and DC2. DC1 holds the RID master operations role. DC1 fails and cannot be repaired. You need to move the RID role to DC2.

Solution: On DC2, you open the command prompt, run ntdsutil.exe, connect to DC2, and use the Transfer RID master option.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: A

Explanation:

There are 2 ways of transferring FSMO roles. You can do that using graphical consoles available on a DC or any server/workstation with Administrative Tools / Remote Server Administration Tools installed or using command-line tool called ntdsutil.

<http://kpytko.pl/active-directory-domain-services/transferring-fsmo-roles-from-command-line/>

NEW QUESTION 292

You have a server named Server1 that is an iSCSI target. You have a server named Server2 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server2 has an iSCSI disk named Disk1 that is hosted on Server1. Disk1 contains one volume that is assigned a drive letter of E. You need to increase the size of Disk1. What should you do?

- A. Run the Resize-IscsiVirtualDisk cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server1 parameter.
- B. Run the Resize-Partition cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server1 parameter.
- C. Run the Resize-Partition cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server2 parameter.
- D. Run the Resize-IscsiVirtualDisk cmdlet and specify the -ComputerName Server2 parameter.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/iscsitarget/resize-iscsvirtualdisk?view=win10-ps>

NEW QUESTION 293

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You need to install the DNS Server role on Server1. What should you run?

- A. the dnscmd.exe command

- B. the dns.exe command
- C. the Install-WindowsFeature cmdlet
- D. the Add-WindowsPackage cmdlet

Answer: C

Explanation:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/servermanager/install-windowsfeature?view=winserver2012r2-ps>

NEW QUESTION 294

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com that contains a domain controller named DC1. All DNS servers for the network run BIND 10. Your perimeter network contains a DHCP server named DHCP1 that runs Windows Server 2016. DHCP1 is a member of a workgroup named WORKGROUP. DHCP1 provides IP address leases to guests accessing the Wi-Fi network. Several engineers access the network remotely by using a VPN connection to remote access server that runs Windows Server 2016. All of the VPN connections use certificate-based authentication and are subjects to access policies in Network Policy Server (NPS). Certificates are issued by an enterprise certification authority (CA) named CA1. All Windows computers on the network are activated by using Key Management Service (KMS). On-premises users use Remote Desktop Services (RDS). You plan to deploy IP Address Management (IPAM) to the network. Which action can you perform on the network by using IPAM?

- A. Audit user and device logon event from NPS.
- B. Audit configuration changes to the remote access server.
- C. Audit logon event on the RDS server.
- D. Manage activations on the KMS server.

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION 295

Your network contains an Active Directory domain named contoso.com. The domain contains two domain controllers named DC1 and DC2. DC1 holds the RID master operations role. DC1 fails and cannot be repaired. You need to move the RID role to DC2.

Solution: On DC2, you open Windows PowerShell and run `Move-ADDirectoryServerOperationMasterRole -OperationMasterRole RIDMaster -Identity DC2.Adatum.com`.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

We need to seize the RID role and thus must use the -Force parameter.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/addsadministration/move-addirectoryserveroperationmasterrole?view=win10-ps>

NEW QUESTION 296

You have two servers named Server1 and Server2 that run Windows Server 2016. Server1 contains a volume named Volume1. You implement a Storage Replica that replicates the contents of Volume1 from Server1 to Server2. Server1 fails. From Server2, you need to ensure that you can access the contents of Volume1. What should you run?

- A. vssadmin revert shadow
- B. Set-SRPartnership
- C. Clear-FileStorageTier
- D. Update-StoragePool

Answer: B

Explanation:

We need to promote the destination volume to become the source volume.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/storage/storage-replica/storage-replica-frequently-asked-questions>

NEW QUESTION 297

Hotspot

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Servers 2016. Server1 has a storage array that contains multiple storage enclosures. The storage supports enclosure awareness. You need to implement Storage Spaces on Server1. Storage Spaces must remain available if two enclosures fail. The solution must minimize the number of enclosures required and must provide the fastest possible write performance. Which configurations should you use? (To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.)

Answer Area

Resiliency type:

▼
Dual parity
Single parity
Three-way mirror
Two-way mirror

Number of enclosures:

▼
3
4
5
6

Answer:

Answer Area

Resiliency type:

▼
Dual parity
Single parity
Three-way mirror
Two-way mirror

Number of enclosures:

▼
3
4
5
6

Explanation:

Both dual parity and three-way mirror provide resilience against two enclosures failing but dual parity provides better storage efficiency.

NEW QUESTION 298

Drag and Drop

Your network contains an Active Directory domain contoso.com. The domain contains a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 allows inbound connectivity from all computers in the contoso.com domain. Server1 has an IP address of 192.168.0.10. Server1 hosts a Windows container named Container1. Container1 hosts a website that is accessible on port 80. You need to ensure that you can use the Docker client to manage Container1 from any computer in the domain. Which three commands should you run on Server1 in sequence? (To answer, move the appropriate commands from the list of commands to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.)

Commands

```
Add-Content
'c:\programdata\docker\config
\daemon.json'
'{ "hosts": [ "tcp://127.0.0.1:80",
"npip: //" ] }'
```

```
Add-Content
'c:\programdata\docker\config
\daemon.json'
'{ "hosts": [ "tcp://0.0.0.0:2375",
"npip: //" ] }'
```

```
New-ContainerNetwork -Name nat1 -
Mode NAT
-SubnetPrefix 192.168.0.0/24 -
GatewayAddress 192.168.0.10
```

```
Restart-Service docker
```

```
New-Item -Type File
c:\programData\docker\config
\daemon.json
```

Answer Area

Answer:

Commands

```
Add-Content  
'c:\programdata\docker\config  
\daemon.json'  
'{ "hosts"; ["tcp://127.0.0.1:80",  
"npipex://"] }'
```

```
New-ContainerNetwork -Name nat1 -  
Mode NAT  
-SubnetPrefix 192.168.0.0/24 -  
GatewayAddress 192.168.0.10
```

Answer Area

```
Restart-Service docker
```

```
Add-Content  
'c:\programdata\docker\config  
\daemon.json'  
'{ "hosts"; ["tcp://0.0.0.0:2375",  
"npipex://"] }'
```

```
New-Item -Type File  
c:\programData\docker\config  
\daemon.json
```

Explanation:

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualization/windowscontainers/management/manage_remotehost

NEW QUESTION 299

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. The Docker daemon runs on Server1. You need to ensure that members of a security group named Docker Administrators can administer Docker. What should you do?

- A. Run the sc privs command.
- B. Modify the Security settings of Docker.exe.
- C. Run the Set-Service cmdlet.
- D. Run the sc config command.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The preferred method for configuring the Docker Engine on Windows is using a configuration file. The configuration file can be found at 'C:\ProgramData\Docker\config\daemon.json'. If this file does not already exist, it can be created.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/virtualization/windowscontainers/manage-docker/configure-docker-daemon>

NEW QUESTION 300

You have a Hyper-V named Server1. The network adapters on Server1 have single root I/O virtualization (SR-IOV) enabled. Server1 hosts a virtual machine named VM1 that runs Windows Server 2016. You need to identify whether SR-IOV is used by VM1.

Solution: You sign in to VM1. You run the Get-NetAdapterSriov cmdlet.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Get-NetAdapterSriov cmdlet gets the Single-Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV) properties of network adapters that support SR-IOV.

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/powershell/module/netadapter/get-netadaptersriov?view=win10-ps>

NEW QUESTION 301

You have a server named Server1 that runs Windows Server 2016. Server1 is configured as a VPN server. Server1 is configured to allow domain users to establish VPN connections from 06:00 to 18:00, every day of the week. You need to ensure that domain users can establish VPN connections only between Monday and Friday.

Solution: From Active Directory Users and Computers, you modify the Dial-in properties of the user accounts.

Does this meet the goal?

- A. Yes
- B. No

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION 302

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